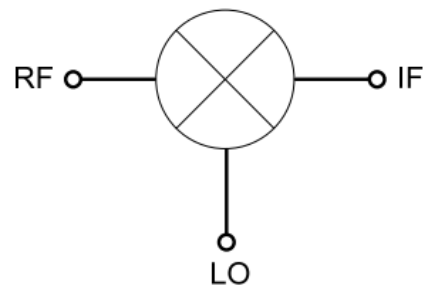


Features

- RF/LO Frequency: 12-46 GHz
- IF Frequency: DC-16 GHz
- Conversion Loss: 8 dB@+15dBm LO input
- LO-RF Isolation: 46 dB
- LO-IF Isolation: 22 dB
- RF-IF Isolation: 33 dB
- Local Oscillator Frequency: +13dBm~+17 dBm
- Die Size: 1.0 x 0.95 x 0.1 mm

Functional Block Diagram



Typical Applications

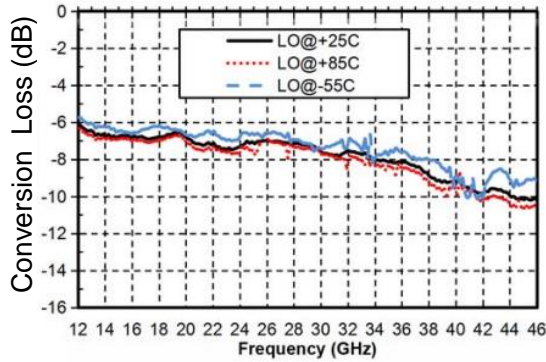
- Test Instrumentation
- Microwave Radio & VSAT
- Military & Space
- Telecom Infrastructure
- Fiber Optics

Electrical Specifications

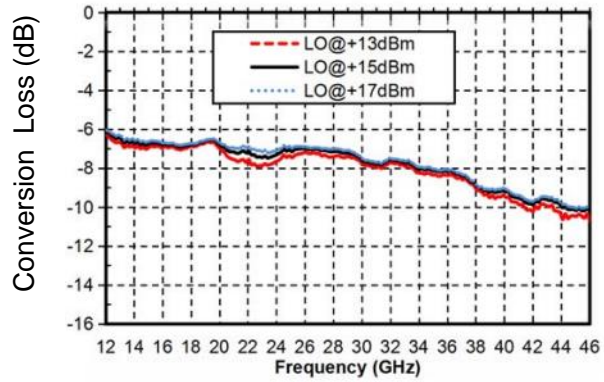
TA = +25°C, IF=100MHz, LO=+15dBm

Parameters	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
RF Frequency		12-46		GHz
Local Oscillator Frequency		12-46		GHz
IF Frequency		DC-16		GHz
Conversion Loss	-	8	-	dB
Isolation "LO to RF"	-	46	-	dB
Isolation "LO to IF"	-	22	-	dB
Isolation "RF to IF"	-	33	-	dB
RF Input P1dB Compression		11		dBm
IIP3		21		dBm
Parameters above are intended for down-conversion test. IF frequency is 0.1GHz; local oscillator power +15dBm.				

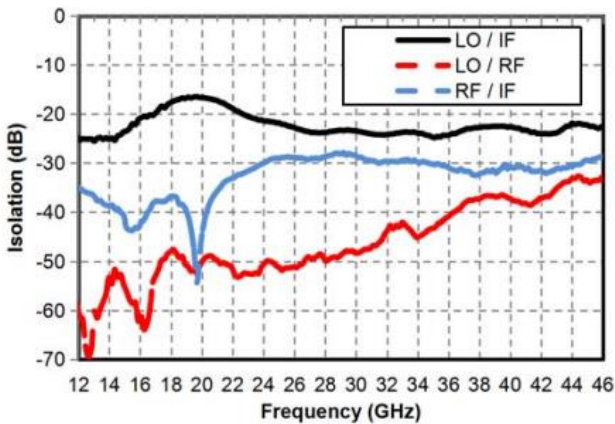
Down Conversion Loss vs. Temperature @ LO=+15dBm



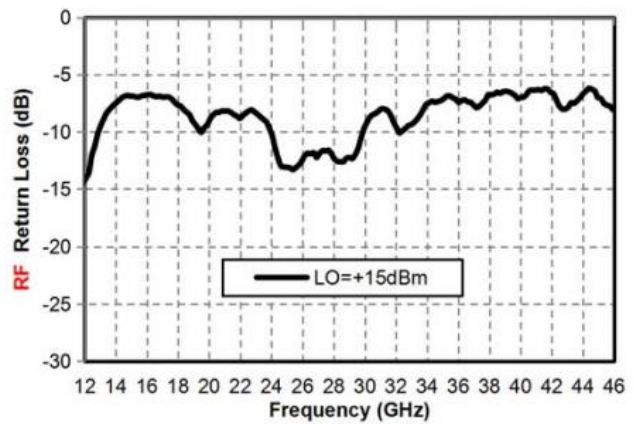
Down Conversion Loss vs. LO Power



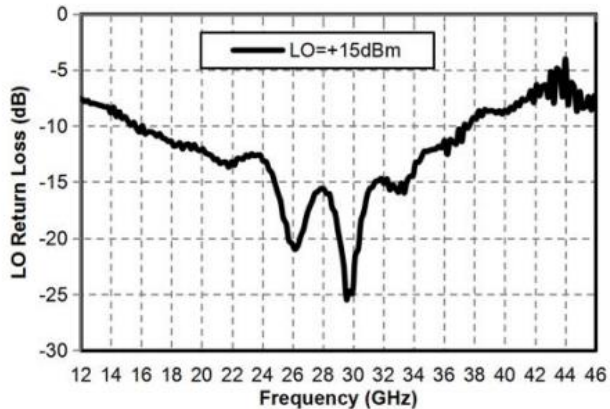
Isolation @ LO=+15dBm



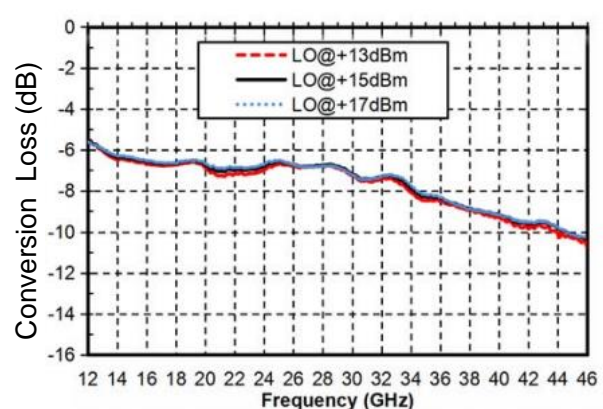
RF Return Loss vs. Frequency



LO Return Loss vs. Frequency



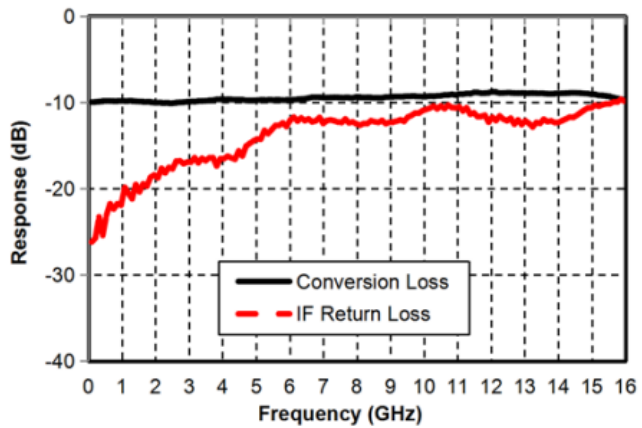
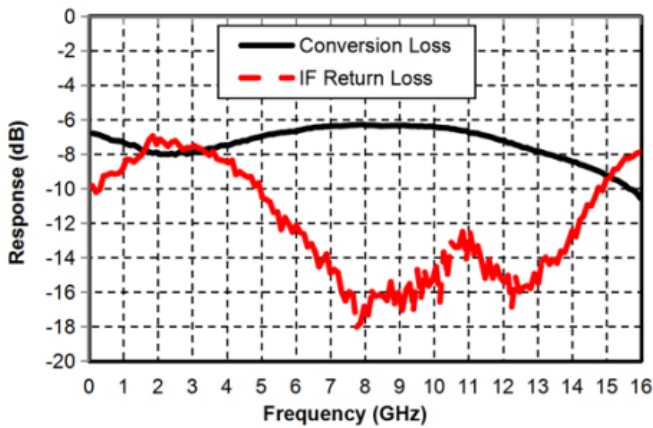
Up Conversion Loss vs. LO Power





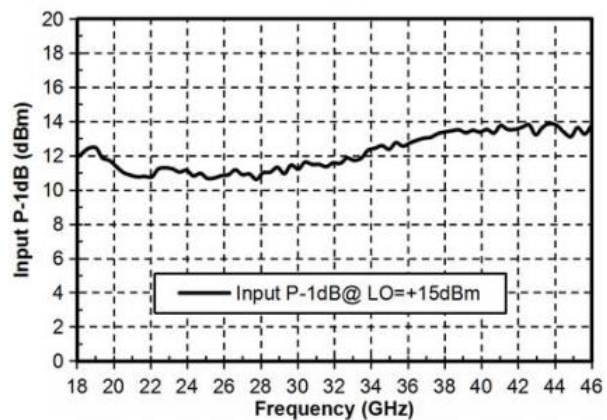
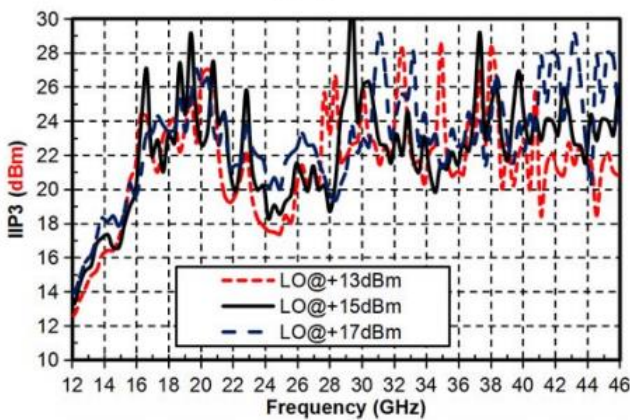
Down Conversion IF Bandwidth, Return Loss @ LO=14G,15dBm

Down Conversion IF Bandwidth, Return Loss @ LO=46G,15dBm



IIP3

P-1 vs. Frequency



Local oscillator harmonic leakage

nLO (RF port) dBc

LO(GHz) 15dBm	1	2	3
10	58	29	52
12	56	29	52
14	55	28	50
16	65	27	53
18	46	27	/
20	47	34	/
22	50	45	/
24	50	49	/
26	50	/	/
28	49	/	/
30	47	/	/
32	42	/	/
34	43	/	/
36	40	/	/
38	38	/	/
40	37	/	/
42	35	/	/
44	33	/	/

Down conversion combined spurious suppression

mRF	nLO				
	0	1	2	3	4
0	xxx	-7	29	23	/
1	29	0	36	47	45
2	86	41	58	41	80
3	88	93	81	65	87
4	/	/	/	85	97

Test conditions: RF=14.1GHz@-10dBm, LO=14GHz@15dBm, all values are relative values of 1*RF-1*LO(P_IF, dBm) in dBc.



mRF	nLO				
	0	1	2	3	4
0	xxx	-10	/	/	/
1	21	0	46	/	/
2	/	61	75	61	/
3	/	/	/	73	/
4	/	/	/	/	102

Test conditions: RF=27.1GHz@-10dBm, LO=27GHz@15dBm, all values are relative values of 1*RF-1*LO(P_IF, dBm) in dBc.

Up conversion combined spurious suppression

mIF	nLO				
	0	1	2	3	4
0	xxx	3	-22	1	-5
1	21	0	20	-11	14
2	26	85	26	40	32
3	50	68	60	39	50
4	68	76	/	68	63

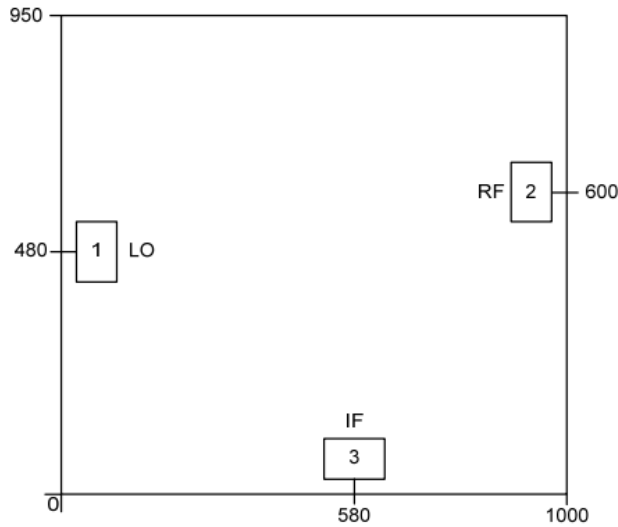
Test conditions: RF=5.3GHz@-10dBm, LO=12GHz@15dBm, all values are relative values of 1*LO-1*IF(P_RF, dBm) in dBc.

mIF	nLO				
	0	1	2	3	4
0	xxx	13	-9	/	/
1	24	0	20	15	/
2	45	106	45	49	/
3	64	67	63	54	71
4	83	85	/	89	87

Test conditions: RF=8.3GHz@-10dBm, LO=18GHz@15dBm, all values are relative values of 1*LO-1*IF(P_RF, dBm) in dBc.



Outline Drawing: All Dimensions in um



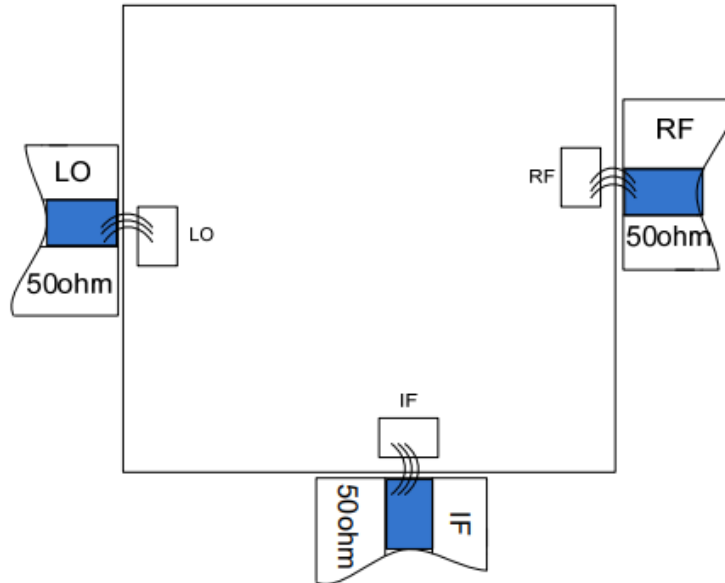
Pad Description

PAD	Function	Description
1	RF	RF signal terminal, blocking capacitor required.
2	IF	IF signal terminal, blocking capacitor required.
3	LO	LO signal terminal, blocking capacitor required.
Die Bottom	GND	Die bottom must be connected to RF/DC ground.

1. The LO and RF ports are used interchangeably, and the electrical performance specifications vary partially.
2. It is recommended that the pads be welded with three bonded alloy wires.



Recommended Assembly Drawing:



Notes:

1. Die thickness: 100um
2. Typical bond pad is 100*100 μm^2
3. Bond pad metalization: Gold
4. Backside metalization: Gold
5. Backside of the die is grounded
6. No connection required for unlabeled bond pads

Maximum Ratings:

1. Max RF input power: +22dBm
2. Max local oscillator input power: +22dBm
3. Max If input power: +22dBm
3. Operating temperature: -55°C to +85°C
4. Storage temperature: -65°C to +150°C