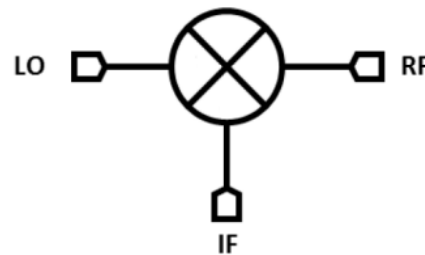


Features

- RF/LO Frequency: 16-67 GHz
- IF Frequency: DC-18 GHz
- Conversion Loss: 7 dB@+15dBm LO input
- LO-RF Isolation: 42 dB
- LO-IF Isolation: 35 dB
- RF-IF Isolation: 41 dB
- Local Oscillator Frequency: +13dBm~+17 dBm
- Die Size: 1.75 x 1.85 x 0.1 mm

Functional Block Diagram



Typical Applications

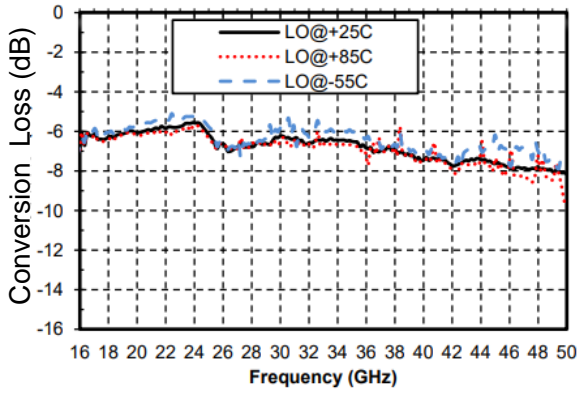
- Test Instrumentation
- Microwave Radio & VSAT
- Military & Space
- Telecom Infrastructure
- Fiber Optics

Electrical Specifications

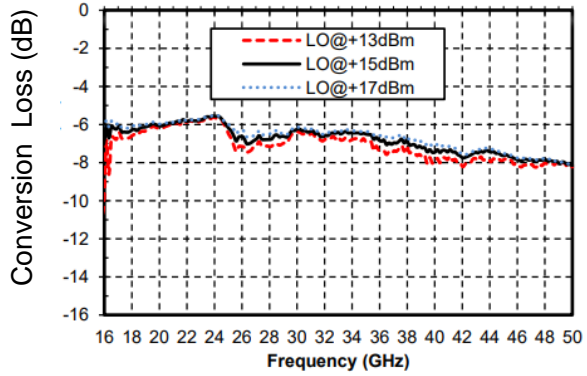
TA = +25°C, IF=100MHz, LO=+15dBm (Limited by the instrument, only 50G is tested)

Parameters	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
RF Frequency		16-50		GHz
Local Oscillator Frequency		16-50		GHz
IF Frequency		DC-18		GHz
Conversion Loss	-	7.0	-	dB
Isolation "LO to RF"	-	42	-	dB
Isolation "LO to IF"	-	35	-	dB
Isolation "RF to IF"	-	41	-	dB
RF Input P1dB Compression		10		dBm
IIP3		18		dBm
Parameters above are intended for down-conversion test. IF frequency is 0.1GHz; local oscillator power +15dBm.				

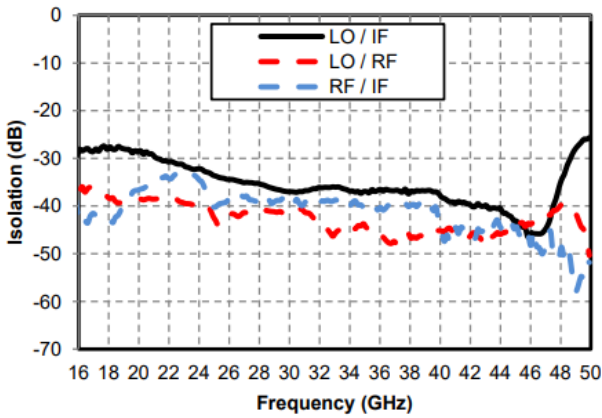
Down Conversion Loss vs. Temperature @ LO=+15dBm



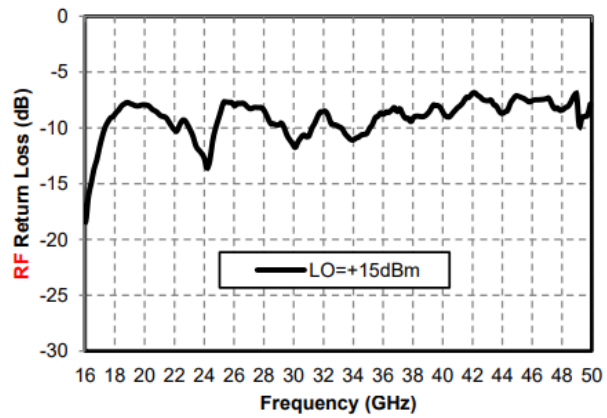
Down Conversion Loss vs. LO Power



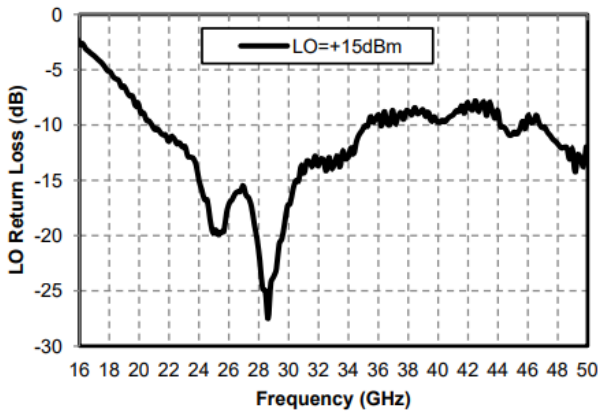
Isolation @ LO=+15dBm



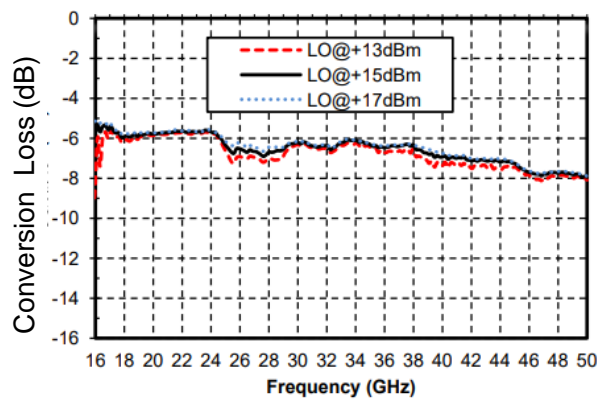
RF Return Loss vs. Frequency



LO Return Loss vs. Frequency



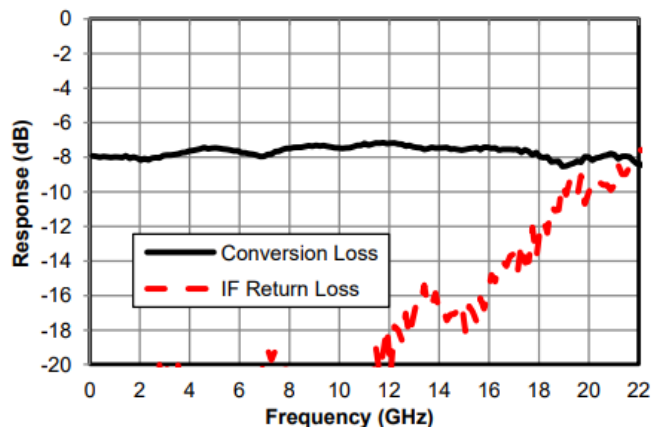
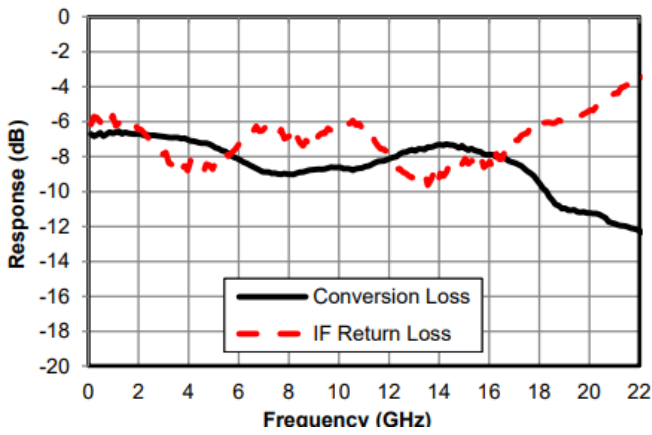
Up Conversion Loss vs. LO Power





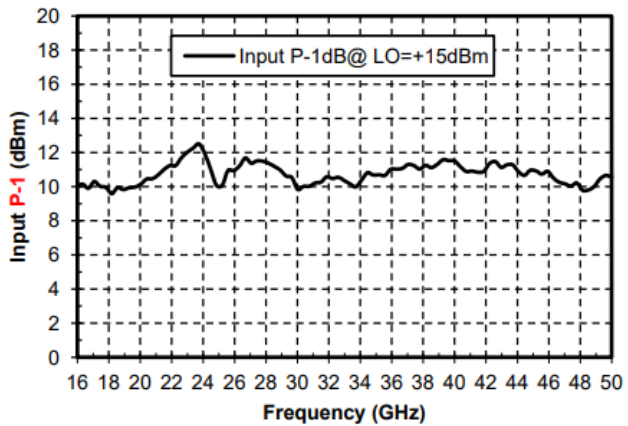
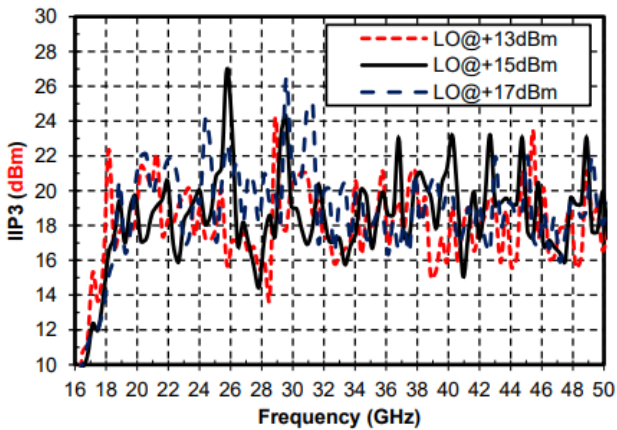
Down Conversion IF Bandwidth, Return Loss @ LO=16G,15dBm

Down Conversion IF Bandwidth, Return Loss @ LO=48G,15dBm



IIP3

P-1 vs. Frequency



Local oscillator harmonic leakage

nLO (RF port) dBc

LO(GHz) 15dbm	1	2	3
16	42	52	75
18	39	37	/
22	39	42	/
26	44	/	/
30	42	/	/
34	43	/	/
38	47	/	/
42	53	/	/
46	52	/	/
50	50	/	/

Down conversion combined spurious suppression

mRF	nLO				
	0	1	2	3	4
0	xxx	-2	38	27	/
1	36	0	44	47	59
2	82	35	50	36	81
3	86	76	63	51	60
4	/	90	101	60	71

Test conditions: RF=16.1GHz@-10dBm, LO=16GHz@15dBm, all values are relative values of 1*RF-1*LO(P_IF, dBm) in dBc.

mRF	nLO				
	0	1	2	3	4
0	xxx	-3	40	/	/
1	31	0	42	37	/
2	86	57	69	56	88
3	/	84	74	61	73
4	/	/	/	84	102

Test conditions: RF=19.1GHz@-10dBm, LO=19GHz@15dBm, all values are relative values of 1*RF-1*LO(P_IF, dBm) in dBc.



Up conversion combined spurious suppression

mIF	nLO				
	0	1	2	3	4
0	xxx	-14	-14	2	/
1	32	0	8	-5	/
2	20	56	20	39	/
3	43	57	52	24	43
4	42	71	63	62	43

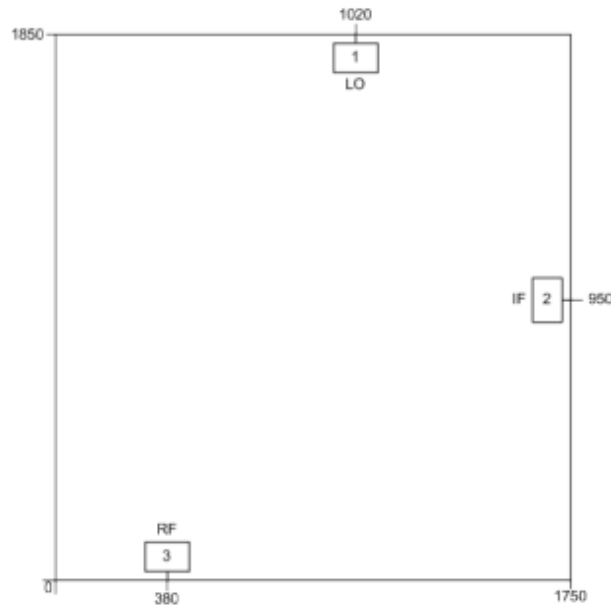
Test conditions: RF=6.3GHz@-10dBm, LO=16GHz@15dBm, all values are relative values of 1*LO-1*IF(P_RF, dBm) in dBc.

mIF	nLO				
	0	1	2	3	4
0	xxx	11	3	/	/
1	51	0	31	/	/
2	57	99	58	/	/
3	82	90	89	66	/
4	/	/	/	/	/

Test conditions: RF=10.3GHz@-10dBm, LO=25GHz@15dBm, all values are relative values of 1*LO-1*IF(P_RF, dBm) in dBc.



Outline Drawing: All Dimensions in um



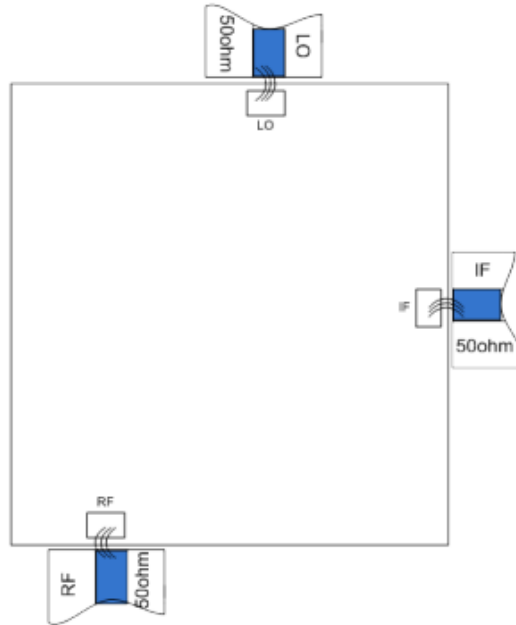
Pad Description

PAD	Function	Description
1	LO	LO signal terminal, blocking capacitor required.
2	RF	RF signal terminal, blocking capacitor required.
3	IF	IF signal terminal, blocking capacitor required.
Die Bottom	GND	Die bottom must be connected to RF/DC ground.

- The LO and RF ports are used interchangeably, and the electrical performance specifications vary partially.
- It is recommended that the pads be welded with three bonded alloy wires.



Recommended Assembly Drawing:



Notes:

1. Die thickness: 100um
2. Typical bond pad is 100*100 μm^2
3. Bond pad metalization: Gold
4. Backside metalization: Gold
5. Backside of the die is grounded
6. No connection required for unlabeled bond pads

Maximum Ratings:

1. Max RF input power: +22dBm
2. Max local oscillator input power: +22dBm
3. Max If input power: +22dBm
3. Operating temperature: -55°C to +85°C
4. Storage temperature: -65°C to +150°C